Teaching Social Emotional Behavioral Competencies with a PBIS Framework

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https://www.pbis.org/resource/teaching-social-emotionalcompetencies-within-a-pbis-framework



Objectives

Describe how school personnel can teach social emotional competencies within a PBIS framework to support systemic, school wide implementation through one system, rather than trying to improve student outcomes through separate, competing initiatives.



Selecting Evidence Based Curriculum

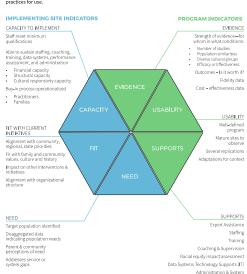
Hexagon Tool

Consumer Guide to Selecting Evidence-Based Mental Health Services

Protocol to Identify MH EBPs Within PBIS Framework

The Hexagon: An Exploration Tool

The Hexagon can be used as a planning tool to guide selection and evaluate potential programs and practices for use.



Consumer Guide to Selecting Evidenced Based Mental Health Services within a SWPBS model

Assessment

Assessment	
1. An assessment has been conducted to determine the need, risk and intensity of the services. These may include the following depending on the presenting problem and the level of risk tudent presents within problem and believed for lisk tudent presents and Difficulties Questionnaire (Goodman, 1997) Functional behavioral assessment O Social Skills assessment i.e.; (SSIS, SRS) Mental health functioning rating scales i.e.; Self-Report Youth Inventors.	YES / NO
O Risk assessment	
 Diagnostic assessment 	
Results of the assessment indicate the strengths and skill deficits of the student	YES / NO
Assessment results are reviewed at the appropriate continuum of behavior support team (universal, tier II, tier III)	YES / NO
 to determine the appropriate school based intervention and/or 	YES / NO
 referral, in conjunction with the school team, to a more qualified mental health professional if needed to assess risk 	YES / NO
Intervention Selection	
Selection of the intervention:	
 matches strengths and skill deficits of the student/s 	YES / NO
allows clear and measurable outcomes	YES / NO
 allows school teams to build on current successful strategies 	YES / NO
4. matches the developmental level of the student/s	YES / NO
matches the expertise of the provider	YES / NO
 is culturally appropriate or adapted to meet linguistic/cultural appropriateness of the student 	YES / NO
Iniguistic/cultural appropriateliess of the student	

YES / NO

7. emphasizes the SW-PBS problem solving logic: Data,

Practices & Systems

Protocol to Identify Mental Health EBPs within the PBIS Framework.

Guiding Questions:

Addressing the Need in the School and Community

- · Does the EBP explicitly address the identified needs?
- · Does the EBP match the age level needs of the students?
- How strong is the evidence-base for the EBP?

Capacity to Implement with Fidelity

- Are the necessary resources and expertise to support initial implementation accessible including training, coaching, and performance feedback?
- Are the necessary resources and expertise to sustain implementation accessible including ongoing training, coaching, and performance feedback?
- Does the EBP have established fidelity measures, and, are the resources accessible to implement the fidelity measures?
- Is the expected building-level return on investment to implement the EBP with fidelity viewed as sufficient to warrant implementation?
- Is there sufficient commitment and resources to sustain implementation with fidelity over time?
 Contextual Fit in School and Community
- · Can the data system of the EBP integrate/align with the extant PBIS data systems?
- Does the EBP align with the cultural and linguistic characteristics in the school and community?
- · Does the EBP fit with extant district and state priorities and initiatives?
- . Does the EBP fit the organization structure in the targeted school(s)?

Scoring: For each question, assign a score of (1) = Low, (2) = Medium, or (3) = High per EBP. Total scores should be used to guide review, discussion and ultimate decision-making by the relevant team. Use of numerical scores devoid of discussion is discouraged.

EBP = Evidence-Based Practice



A Technical Brief Available at www.pbis.org

<u>Teaching Social-Emotional Competencies</u> <u>within a PBIS Framework</u>

Barrett, S., Eber, L., McIntosh, K, Perales, K., Romer, N., April, 2018



Current Status: Impact to Society Pre-Covid

- Suicide 2nd leading cause of death among teens in USA (June 2016)
- One in 5 youth have a MH "condition" that impacts social and academic success (5 million children and youth)
 - About 80% of those get no treatment
- School is "defacto" MH provider
 - Of those that do...75% receive services in schools
 - Youth are 6 times more likely to complete evidence-based treatment when offered in school than in other community settings.
- JJ system is next level of system default
 - more than 600,000 youth annually are placed in detention centers with mental health disorders 3X rate of general population.



Statewide High-Level Analysis of Forecasted Behavioral Health Impacts from COVID-19

Washington State Department of Health, Updated April 16th, 2020

- A surge in behavioral health symptoms; likely to be seen in phases
- Anxiety related issues becoming prevalent immediately through next 2-3 months,
- Increase in depressive symptoms peaking around Nov/Dec 2020 (a second wave?);
- Highest risk of suicide likely Oct-Dec 2020
- More people with behavioral health concerns were NOT receiving treatment (aprx 700,000) prior to the outbreak than the # of Washingtonians who were receiving treatment (aprx 695,000)



Statewide High-Level Analysis of Forecasted Behavioral Health Impacts from COVID-19

Washington State Department of Health, Updated April 16th, 2020

- Efforts should focus on activating/augmenting existing community supports to increase social connections & encourage active coping skills
- Resilience can be intentionally taught, practiced, and developed (all ages)
- Community supports, lay volunteers, and all manners of social organizations and clubs are resources that can be developed to help reduce behavioral health symptoms for the general population and should be leveraged...



Big Idea: Mental Health is EVERYONE'S JOB

- From parents to principals to teachers to the lunch staff:
 Everyone helps create a safe, caring environment. A place
 where mental health problems aren't stigmatized. Everyone
 watches for warning signs in a child such as changes in
 appearance, mood, headaches, slipping grades and missing
 class.
- Social Emotional Behavioral Competencies are embedded in ALL aspects of the curriculum and use of those skills are monitored by ALL STAFF



Designing Strategy: Be intentional

How do we expand our idea of what mental health is...

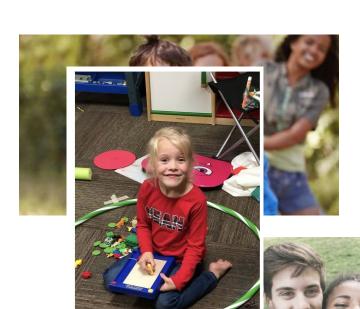
- Not just someone in an office getting supports from a "specialist"
- How do we normalize



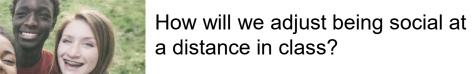


How do we adjust in a virtual environment?

"Air High Fives", "Air hugs"









Mental health= strategies and skills for coping

- Daily Calm
 - Time to be still. Get comfortable, turn off lights, calming music
 - Time for breathing: slow, deep belly breaths
- Daily Activity and Movement
 - Walks, exercise, outdoor time
- Biology Breaks
 - Stand, stretch, move, mind break



Social Emotional Learning

• the process through which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes, and skills necessary to understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain positive relationships, and make responsible decisions" (CASEL, 2017).

Big Idea

Increasingly, researchers have recommended teaching socialemotional competencies within a prevention-focused, multitiered public health model, because simply adopting a curriculum does not lead to adequate implementation or improved outcomes (Greenberg, Domitrovich, Weissberg, & Durlak, 2017; Merrell & Gueldner, 2010).



Data informed response...using PBIS/MTSS logic

Sample Responses	Using MTSS logic
Hire social emotional experts	Adapt role to include building capacity of ALL staff and participate in teams across tiers
Select SEB curriculum	Formal process, team based decision. Data used to prioritize skills. All instructional staff model, teach alongside academic content.
Train staff on trauma informed practices	Team based training. Time to embed new learning.
Strengthen partnerships with families and community providers.	Expanded Team uses school and community data to inform efforts across all tiers.



PBIS

- teaming,
- data,
- training/coaching systems
- explicit teaching of positively-stated behavior expectations across school settings.

Outcomes associated with Implementation



Improved Student Outcomes

academic performance

social-emotional competence

social & academic outcomes for SWD

reduced bullying behaviors
[Ross & Horner, 2009; Woosdorp, Brodshow, & Leof, 2012]

decreased rates of student-reported drug/alcohol abuse

(Bas*able, Kittelman, McIntosh, & Hoselton, 2015; Bradshaw et al., 2012)



Reduced Exclusionary Discipline

office discipline referrals
(Bradzhaw, Mitzhell, & Leaf, 2010; Bradzhaw et al., 2012; Homer et al., 2009)

suspensions

(Bradshaw, Mitchell, & Leaf, 2010)

restraint and seclusion

(Reynolds et al., 2016; Simonsen, Britton, & Young, 2010)



Improved Teacher Outcomes

perception of teacher efficacy
(Kelm & McIntosh, 2012: Ross, Romer, & Horner, 2012)

school organizational health and school climate

(Bradshaw, Kath, Bevans, Ialonga, & Leaf, 2008; Bradshaw, Kath, Thornton, & Leaf, 2009)

perception of school safety

(Horner et al., 2009)

School-Wide Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports

PBIS teaching has expanded to a broader range of desired student behaviors:

- social skills,
- emotional regulation,
- problem solving,
- and coping strategies

Instruction used to address internalizing mental health concerns (e.g., anxiety, depression;)



Need to Deliberately Integrate:

- Despite these advances, school teams implementing PBIS sometimes overlook teaching important socialemotional competencies or view this domain as separate from their PBIS framework.
- Instead of integrating social and emotional competency instruction within their PBIS framework, schools may implement a packaged social and emotional learning curriculum that is not connected to other behavior support systems in the school.



Use of PBIS Framework

- Skills taught are selected based on student need (data)
- Impact of teaching is measured though predetermined assessment (data)
- Instruction is adapted based on data (continuous improvement)
- This decision-making is done through representative teams



Recommendations for Teaching Social/Emotional Competencies Through PBIS

- 1. Implement Social/Emotional/Behavior Support through a single Team;
- 2. Expand the Data that Teams Use to Identify Which Skills to Teach
- 3. Promote Adult Wellness by Creating a Nurturing Staff Environment
- 4. Teach Social/Emotional Competencies Using the PBIS Instructional Systems;



District support to Building Teams

- Provide resources to coordinate and implement an expanded approach by providing time, training, and support for ALL staff to model, teach, and reinforce social-emotional competencies in students.
- Provide explicit statements that teaching social-emotional and behavior competencies is central to instruction and embedded in all aspects of the curriculum.



Expanded Use of Data: School, Family, Community

- Academic (Benchmark, GPA, Credit accrual etc)
- Discipline
- Attendance
- Climate/Perception
- Visits to Nurse, Social Worker, Counselor, etc
- Screening (teacher; family; youth view)

- Community Demographics
- Food Pantry Visits
- Families members deployed
- Families impacted by drug use, domestic violence
- Protective Factors
- Calls to crisis centers, hotlines, hospital visits
- Screening at multiple views



Name:		Locatio	on
Date:	Time:	Playground	Library
Teacher:		Cafeteria	Bathroom
	_		A B C
Grade: K 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8	Hallway	Arrival/Dismissal
Referring Staff:		Classroom	Other
Others involved in inc	ident: None Peers	Staff Teacher	Substitute

Minor Problem	Major Problem l	Behavi	Po	e Motivation				
Behavior								
Inappropriate language	Abusive language		7	peer attention				
Physical contact	Fighting/ Physica	1	V	adult attention				
Defiance	aggression			n items/activities				
Disruption	Defiance/Disresp	ect		ld Peer(s)				
Dress Code	Harassment/Bully	/ing	ر	id Adult				
Property misuse	Dress Code		o	id task or activity				
Tardy	Inappropriate Dis	play Aff.	. on	't know				
Electronic Violation	Electronic Violat	ion	Other					
Other	Lying/ Cheating		Nurse					
	Skipping class		,	School Counselor				
	Other							
Administrative	Decision/Time Ou	t of Class	=					
Loss of privilege]	Individualized instruction						
Time in office]	In-school suspension (hours/ days)						
Conference with student		Out nool susy on (days)						
Parent Contact		Otl	47					

What activity was the student engaged in when the e and took place?

what activity was the student engage	ed iii when th
Whole group instruction	
Small group instruction	
Individual work	
Working with peers	
Alone	
1-on-1 instruction	
Interacting with peers	
Other: Please identify below	



Develop Systems for Supporting Adults Implementing SEB Instruction within PBIS Framework

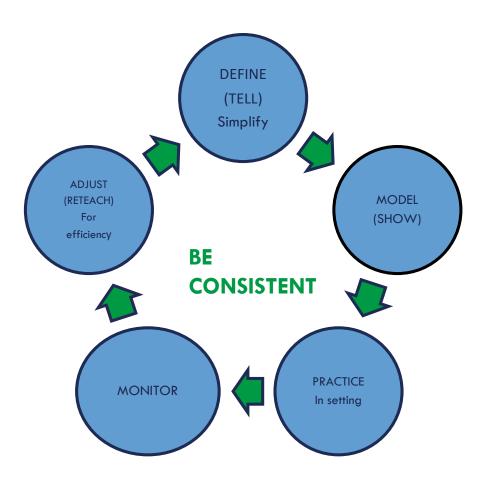
- Instructional approach
- Use data to get buy in and continuous improvement
- Showcase effort and impact
- Professional Development should be team led, data-driven with coaching



Alignment of SEB Instruction and PBIS

 From small number of staff delivering lessons to ALL staff providing opportunities to teach in ALL settings, ALL day

How?... The Same Process for teaching Social Emotional Behavior as used for Academics





Specific Behaviors + Social-Emotional Skills

Expectation	Specific Behavior or Social Emotional Skill
	Keep hands and feet to self
Be Safe	I tell an adult when I am worried about a friend.
Be Respectful	Use the signal to ask a public or private question.
De Nespedira.	Make sure everyone gets a turn.
D. D	Turn in all work on time
Be Responsible	Check in with my feelings during the day



Customize to fit your student and staff needs

- Staff, students and families customize to fit need.
- Prioritize skills
- If large number of students displaying problem behavior or experiencing stress...
 - Identify lessons within curriculum
 - Identify key strategies and skills
 - Add to matrix- common script used across day and content areas to provide opportunities to practice
 - Used as prompt and script for adults to model, prompt/precorrect, re-teach, provide feedback



The Cafeteria: Creating a Positive Mealtime Experience

- Support staff considering the cafeteria as a place to embed services in the natural context
 - Teaching how to socialize in the cafeteria
 - Teaching healthy eating habits
- Team approach that involves admin, teachers, café supervisors, food service personnel, students and families

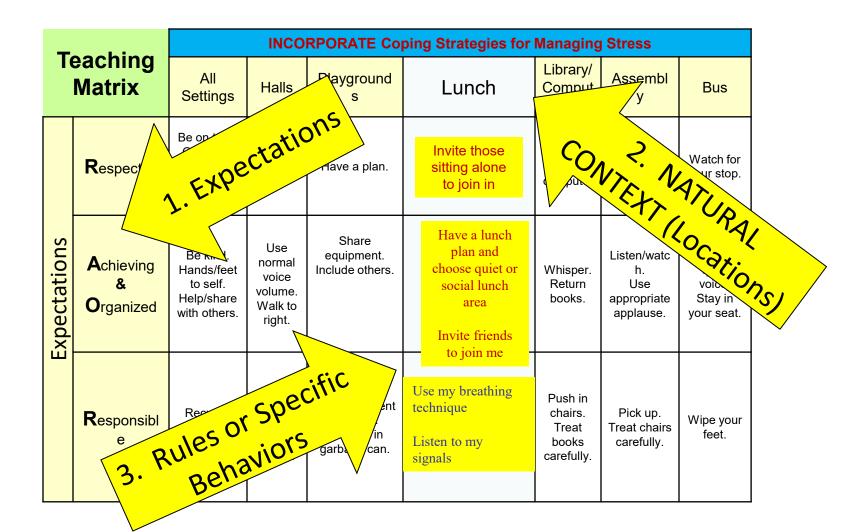
RETHINKING SCHOOL LUNCH

"To create an inviting dining ambience that encourages healthy interaction and healthy eating— a place that students enjoy, that makes the lunch period a time they look forward to, and that helps them feel safe and valued at mealtime."

(Center for Ecoliteracy, 2010)

Schoolwide and Class-wide Calming Strategy

The	Classroom		Classr	oom 214 Routine		rev 11-4-19
Williams HS Way	214 Rules (Examples)	Welcome	Group Work	Online	When you feel upset	How to Transition
Respectful	 Raise hand Track the speaker Follow directions 	 Say "good morning" to teacher and classmates Talk in soft voices 	 Listen to your peers Take turns speaking Say "I like 	Consider feelings of others before I post tanders ak fo rs	 Ask for a break if you need a moment Express your feelings appropriately 	Clean up your area
Organized and Achieving	Classro	om is also anchor School Wide expe	ectations	on y controls	 Talk to someone if you need help Talk to someone if it will make you feel better 	 Stand, Push in your Chair O listen for direction to next activity
Responsible	Stay on kOffer to helpApologize for mistakes	Turn in homeworkPut materials in deskBegin work	Do your fair shareManage time carefully	 Double check sources before I post Think before I forward 	 Stop and take a few deep breaths Recognize what you're feeling "I feel" 	I ves on meVait to be called
Teacher's Role (Conditions for Learning)	Supervise all areas of classroom	Greet Students warmly Bell to bell activity posted	Actively supervise small group activities	Teach & practice routine monthly	Use Active Supervision to redict triggers	Teach, practice, reinforce transitions



For other schools, may be a social media concern....

				INCORPORAT	E Strategies for Using T	echnology		
	Teaching Matrix	All Settings	Halls	Playgrounds	Technology	Library/ Computer Lab	Assembly	Bus
	Respectful	Be on task. Give your best effort. Be prepared.	Walk.	Have a plan.	Words matter, pause and reflect before you post	Study, read, compute.	Sit in one spot.	Watch for your stop.
Expectations	A chieving & O rganized	Be kind. Hands/feet to self. Help/share with others.	Use normal voice volume. Walk to right.	Share equipment. Include others.	Check your feelings Re-read message	Whisper. Return books.	Listen/watch. Use appropriate applause.	Use a quiet voice. Stay in your seat.
	Responsible	Recycle. Clean up after self.	Pick up litter. Maintain physical space.	Use equipment properly. Put litter in garbage can.	Model for others double check sources and consider feelings of others	Push in chairs. Treat books carefully.	Pick up. Treat chairs carefully.	Wipe your feet.

How will we teach social emotional behavior skills? When will we teach social emotional behavior skills?

Kick-off events

 Teaching staff, students and families the expectations and rules

On-going Direct Instruction

- Data-driven and scheduled designed lessons
- Pre-correction
- Re-teaching immediately after behavioral errors

Embedding into curriculum

Booster trainings

Scheduled and data-driven

Continued visibility

- Visual Displays posters, agenda covers
- Daily announcements
- Newsletters









Understanding Types of Groups

Monitor Data, Select Practice, Install Systems

Basic

<u>REMEMBER to Consider</u>: structure, skills taught, staff skills, location, and frequency Matched to student need with instructional focus, skilled staff (i.e. group dynamics, content, behavior science, clinical)

Complex

- Behavior— Core Curriculum taught by teacher daily to all
- Small group taught inside classroom weekly by teacher or support teacher
- Self-management cards for some students

- Pro-Social Skills-Core SEL curriculum
- Taught by range of staff with teaching background
- Outside of the Classroom
- 2/week

- Coping Skillspulled from SEL curriculum
- Add emotional regulation feature
- Taught by staff with technical skills
- Inside of the Classroom
- 2/week

- Coping Power
- Taught by Staff with advanced technical skills
- Outside of the Classroom
- Daily



"Social & Academic Instructional Groups"

Daily Progress Report (DPR) Sample

	NAME:	DATE:
nle conina skills aroun)		

EXPECTATIONS	1 s	t blo	ock	2r	nd blo	ock	3r	d blo	ock	4t	h blo	ck	5t	h blo	ck	6t	h blo	ck	7t	h blo	ck
Be Safe Label feeling Use deep breathing	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Be Respectful Use calm words with peers	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Be Responsible Let teacher know feeling temperature if above yellow	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0
Total Points																					
Teacher Initials																					

Thank you

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